

## Fort McPherson - Statistical Profile

	Fort McPherson	Northwest Territories		Fort McPherson	Northwest Territories
<b>POPULATION</b>			<b>Number of Births</b>		
<i>Population (2011)</i>			1999	16	659
Total	797	43,675	2000	14	673
			2001	9	613
Males	407	22,405	2002	15	635
Females	390	21,270	2003	20	701
			2004	11	698
0 - 4 Years	62	3,342	2005	3	712
5 - 9 Years	30	3,082	2006	12	687
10 - 14 Years	70	2,842	2007	12	725
15 - 24 Years	148	7,296	2008	16	721
25 - 44 Years	207	13,656	<b>Teen Births</b>		
45 - 59 Years	148	9,115	1999	1	83
60 Yrs. & Older	132	4,342	2000	2	84
			2001	2	70
Aboriginal	739	22,241	2002	3	72
Non-Aboriginal	58	21,434	2003	2	72
			2004	-	86
<i>Population Dependency Ratio (2011)</i>			2005	-	68
< 15 Yrs.	0.32	0.31	2006	2	73
60 Yrs. & Older	0.26	0.14	2007	1	65
			2008	2	56
<b>Historical Population</b>			<b>Number of Deaths</b>		
2001	831	40,844	1999	7	162
2002	807	41,665	2000	5	156
2003	816	42,561	2001	5	163
2004	808	43,301	2002	5	169
2005	812	43,399	2003	2	202
2006	807	43,198	2004	5	153
2007	806	43,545	2005	4	148
2008	808	43,681	2006	6	182
2009	797	43,638	2007	3	174
2010	798	43,830	2008	7	201
2011	797	43,675			
<b>Avg. Annual % Growth (01-11)</b>			<b>Injury Deaths (inc. suicides)</b>		
Total Population	-0.4	0.7	1999	2	36
< 15 Yrs.	-4.0	-1.5	2000	1	31
60 Yrs. & Older	3.9	5.5	2001	1	31
			2002	2	24
<b>Population Projections</b>			2003	-	36
2015	783	45,281	2004	2	23
2020	779	46,616	2005	1	21
2025	775	47,626	2006	5	36
			2007	1	32
			2008	1	29
<b>HEALTH &amp; VITAL STATS</b>			<b>Suicides</b>		
<i>% of Population that Smoke</i>			1999	1	15
2009	60.1	35.2	2000	-	7
			2001	-	8
			2002	-	8
			2003	-	10
			2004	1	11
			2005	1	4
			2006	1	5
			2007	1	9
			2008	-	10

	Fort McPherson	Northwest Territories
<b>HOUSEHOLDS &amp; FAMILIES</b>		
<i>% of Households with 6 or More People</i>		
1981	36.0	13.9
1986	26.5	11.5
1991	23.7	9.8
1996	15.4	8.6
2001	14.6	7.2
2004	14.5	7.0
2006	11.3	6.2
2009	11.2	6.7

<i>Family Structure (2006)</i>		
Total Family Structure	200	10,875
Husband-Wife	70	5,555
Common-law	40	2,990
Lone Parent	90	2,330
% Lone-Parent Families	45.0	21.4
<i>Tenure (2009)</i>		
Total	268	14,522
Owned	120	7,623
Rented	148	6,899
% Owned	44.8	52.5
<i>% of Households in Core Need</i>		
1996	37.5	19.7
2000	35.8	20.3
2004	32.7	16.3
2009	28.0	19.0

## CRIME

<i>Violent Crimes</i>		
2001	102	2,767
2002	203	3,179
2003	162	3,698
2004	146	3,857
2005	189	3,711
2006	134	3,527
2007	129	4,025
2008	211	3,839
2009	160	3,730
2010	178	3,678

<i>Property Crimes</i>		
2001	152	5,417
2002	217	6,397
2003	324	8,179
2004	345	9,018
2005	511	8,357
2006	322	8,292
2007	396	8,807
2008	393	8,881
2009	334	8,568
2010	467	9,769

## Other Criminal Code

2001	128	4,350
2002	201	3,934
2003	183	4,068
2004	153	5,233
2005	233	6,475
2006	186	5,695
2007	136	5,942
2008	304	6,377
2009	173	5,981
2010	224	6,857

## Federal Statutes

2001	12	432
2002	55	655
2003	27	595
2004	10	632
2005	13	742
2006	9	534
2007	11	665
2008	28	815
2009	31	827
2010	47	991

## Traffic

2001	12	459
2002	31	568
2003	27	642
2004	26	768
2005	25	884
2006	35	829
2007	29	813
2008	60	1,051
2009	35	810
2010	29	877

## Violent Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)

2001	122.7	67.7
2002	251.5	76.3
2003	198.5	86.9
2004	180.7	89.1
2005	232.8	85.5
2006	166.0	81.6
2007	158.9	92.4
2008	259.5	87.8
2009	202.3	85.9
2010	223.9	84.1

## Property Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)

2001	182.9	132.6
2002	268.9	153.5
2003	397.1	192.2
2004	427.0	208.3
2005	629.3	192.6
2006	399.0	192.0
2007	487.7	202.3
2008	483.4	203.1
2009	422.3	197.2
2010	587.4	223.2

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## INCOME ASSISTANCE

### Beneficiaries (monthly average)

2001	72	2,425
2002	34	2,200
2003	42	2,142
2004	34	2,058
2005	30	1,911
2006	33	1,912
2007	37	2,024
2008	27	2,067
2009	52	2,402
2010	63	2,313

### Cases (monthly average)

2001	39	1,202
2002	22	1,118
2003	27	1,111
2004	21	1,110
2005	19	1,051
2006	22	1,060
2007	25	1,121
2008	20	1,172
2009	31	1,415
2010	39	1,429

### Payments (\$000)

2001	187	8,840
2002	117	8,701
2003	141	8,946
2004	132	9,270
2005	124	8,610
2006	143	8,534
2007	163	9,783
2008	185	12,048
2009	280	14,563
2010	315	15,074

## TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (2008)

Hunted & Fished (%)	46.6	39.4
Trapped (%)	11.6	6.2
Produced Arts & Crafts (%)	14.5	8.7
Households Consuming Country Food (Half or More) (%)	76.5	28.1

## ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES

### % Aboriginals that Speak an Aboriginal Language

1984	27.2	59.1
1989	30.8	55.6
1994	23.7	50.1
1999	27.4	45.1
2004	22.7	44.0
2009	18.1	38.0

## EDUCATION

### % with High School Diploma or More

1986	26.2	51.6
1989	34.2	59.8
1991	33.7	59.9
1994	34.4	63.2
1996	41.9	63.5
1999	43.3	66.1
2001	41.1	64.8
2004	38.1	67.5
2006	43.0	67.0
2009	42.1	69.3

### Employment Rates (2009)

Less than High School Diploma	18.7	35.4
High School Diploma or Greater	55.7	81.2

## LABOUR FORCE

### Participation Rate

1986	51.0	74.5
1989	55.1	74.9
1991	62.4	78.2
1994	60.7	77.2
1996	65.3	77.2
1999	67.0	78.3
2001	59.4	77.1
2004	57.1	75.6
2006	58.8	76.5
2009	62.7	75.1

### Unemployment Rate

1986	24.5	11.2
1989	39.9	13.2
1991	28.6	11.3
1994	34.5	14.8
1996	22.1	11.7
1999	28.5	13.7
2001	20.6	9.5
2004	39.9	10.4
2006	28.4	10.4
2009	45.6	10.3

### Employment Rate

1986	38.5	66.2
1989	33.1	65.0
1991	44.6	69.3
1994	39.7	65.7
1996	50.8	68.2
1999	47.9	67.5
2001	48.1	69.8
2004	34.3	67.8
2006	42.1	68.6
2009	34.1	67.3

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<i>Selected Employment Rates (2009)</i>			<i>Average Personal Income (\$)</i>		
Males	33.5	68.1	2000	23,230	36,220
Females	34.6	66.4	2001	25,123	39,186
			2002	26,971	42,047
Aboriginal	29.7	49.8	2003	27,002	42,572
Non-Aboriginal	90.7	83.1	2004	30,176	44,080
			2005	31,124	46,170
15-24	10.6	42.0	2006	31,535	48,396
25-34	36.5	75.5	2007	34,020	51,072
35-44	55.0	81.9	2008	33,340	52,943
45-54	54.0	84.3	2009	34,045	52,998
55-64	47.5	74.6			
65 & Over	3.3	17.1	<i>Employment Income (\$000)</i>		
			2000	7,853	805,159
<i>Labour Force Activity (2009)</i>			2001	9,480	935,854
Population 15 & Over	601	33,730	2002	10,766	1,016,653
Employed	205	22,702	2003	10,722	1,058,922
Unemployed	172	2,616	2004	12,212	1,101,853
Not in the Labour Force	224	8,412	2005	12,565	1,145,168
			2006	12,121	1,208,376
<i>Potential Available Labour Supply (2009)</i>			2007	13,685	1,294,015
Number of Unemployed	201	4,847	2008	14,065	1,356,780
% Do Rotational	81.1	57.1	2009	14,380	1,356,890
% Male	61.2	59.1			
% Aboriginal	98.5	77.2	<i>% Change in Emp. Inc. (2000-2009)</i>		
% Less than High School Diploma	60.7	55.9		83.1	68.5
			<i>Average Employment Income (\$)</i>		
<i>Labour Force Profile (2006)</i>			2000	21,814	36,187
% Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	41.8	37.3	2001	23,700	38,497
% Goods Producing	22.4	17.2	2002	25,633	41,428
% Other Industries	29.9	43.9	2003	26,151	41,904
			2004	30,530	43,969
<i>Annual Work Pattern (2008)</i>			2005	29,221	45,843
% Worked	50.6	79.0	2006	31,897	47,856
% Worked More than 26 weeks	57.9	77.5	2007	32,583	50,627
			2008	33,488	52,650
			2009	33,442	52,983
<b>PERSONAL INCOME</b>					
<i>Total Income (\$000)</i>			<i>Percent Taxfilers Less than \$15,000</i>		
2000	10,221	921,079	2000	47.7	32.0
2001	12,059	1,058,019	2001	43.8	28.8
2002	13,755	1,148,300	2002	41.2	27.6
2003	13,771	1,199,686	2003	45.1	28.0
2004	15,390	1,246,589	2004	43.1	27.3
2005	15,873	1,297,842	2005	41.2	26.0
2006	16,083	1,384,602	2006	39.2	24.9
2007	17,350	1,469,865	2007	33.3	23.3
2008	17,670	1,542,755	2008	37.7	23.7
2009	18,725	1,557,610	2009	34.5	23.9
			<i>Percent Taxfilers More than \$50,000</i>		
<i>% Change in Total Inc. (2000-2009)</i>			2000	13.6	28.2
	83.2	69.1	2001	14.6	31.4
			2002	15.7	34.4
			2003	17.6	35.1
			2004	21.6	36.5
			2005	21.6	38.3
			2006	21.6	39.9
			2007	23.5	42.7
			2008	24.5	43.7
			2009	23.6	43.6

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<b>FAMILY INCOME</b>		
<i>Average Family Income</i>		
2000	43,274	71,864
2001	49,352	80,225
2002	57,248	87,143
2003	52,350	88,244
2004	62,138	91,362
2005	63,519	96,171
2006	61,348	101,622
2007	67,900	107,252
2008	65,905	111,796
2009	66,773	112,119
<i>Percent Families Less than \$30,000</i>		
2000	47.4	26.2
2001	38.1	20.8
2002	33.3	19.4
2003	36.4	20.3
2004	38.1	20.2
2005	33.3	19.0
2006	38.1	18.0
2007	30.0	16.6
2008	38.1	17.0
2009	36.4	16.7
<i>Percent Families More than \$75,000</i>		
2000	15.8	41.6
2001	23.8	47.4
2002	23.8	50.4
2003	22.7	50.7
2004	33.3	52.7
2005	23.8	55.3
2006	23.8	57.1
2007	30.0	59.5
2008	38.1	60.8
2009	27.3	60.7

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<b>PRICES</b>		
2009 Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)	157.5	..
2010 Food Price Index (YK = 100)	165.7	..
<b>ENVIRONMENT</b>		
<i>Average Temperature (°C)</i>		
January 2003	-30.8	..
January 2004	-30.5	..
January 2005	-24.4	..
January 2006	-29.4	..
January 2007	-21.7	..
July 2003	15.2	..
July 2004	16.3	..
July 2005	11.5	..
July 2006	15.3	..
July 2007	16.4	..
<b>COMMUNITY LIVING</b>		
% Who Volunteered in 2008	18.4	37.7
% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008	30.6	73.5

#### SYMBOLS

- zero or too small to be expressed
- .. not available
- x data suppressed

## SOURCES & NOTES

### Population

*Population and Historical Population:* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by NWT Bureau of Statistics.

*Population Dependency Ratio:* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Ratios for < 15 years refer to the number of people less than 15 years of age divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59. Ratios for 60 years and older refer to the number of people 60 years of age or older divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59.

*Average Annual Growth Rate:* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left( \sqrt[10]{\frac{Pop_{2011}}{Pop_{2001}}} - 1 \right) * 100$$

*Population Projections:* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

### Health & Vital Stats

*% of Population that Smoke:* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that smoke.

*Number of Births:* Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

*Teen Births:* Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women aged 19 or less.

*Number of Deaths:* Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

*Cause of Deaths:* Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

### Household & Families

*Percent of Households with 6 or More People:* Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004 & 2009). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

*Family Structure:* Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

*Tenure:* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

*Percent of Households in Core Need:* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, and the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core need. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

### Crime

Incidents in a particular detachment may include incidents from surrounding communities.

*Violent Crimes:* Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Refers to incidences of homicides, attempted murder, assaults (including sexual assaults), abduction and robbery.

*Property Crimes:* Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of breaking & entering, theft, position of stolen goods and fraud.

*Other Criminal Code:* Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of offensive weapons, bail violation, disturbing the peace and mischief (property damage).

*Federal Statutes:* Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of possession and trafficking of drugs.

*Traffic:* Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of dangerous operation of motor vehicle and impaired operation of motor vehicle.

*Violent Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons):* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

*Property Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons):* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

### Income Assistance

Note: Due to program changes in 2007, data prior to this year is not directly comparable.

*Beneficiaries (monthly average):* Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income assistance and their dependents, if any, over the year.

*Cases (monthly average):* Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

*Payments (\$000):* Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

### Traditional Activities

*Hunted & Fished (%):* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

*Trapped (%):* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

*Produced Arts & Craft (%):* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that made arts and crafts during the year.

*Households Consuming Country Food:* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that half, most or all (50% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

### Aboriginal Languages

*Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language:* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuinnaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'in.

### Education

*Percent with High School Diploma or More:* Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

*2009 Employment Rates:* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment



rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

#### **Labour Force**

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009).

*Participation Rate:* The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

*Unemployment Rate:* The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

*Employment Rate:* The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

*Employed:* Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

*Unemployed:* Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

*Labour Force:* Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

*Not in the Labour Force:* Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

*Potential Available Labour Supply:* Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

*Annual Work Pattern:* Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2008 refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older who worked in 2008, while worked more than 26 weeks refers to the percent of workers who worked more than 26 weeks in the year. The weeks need not be consecutive.

#### **Personal Income**

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns.

*Total Income (\$000):* Refers to total money income received from all sources.

*Average Personal Income (\$):* Refers to the average money income received from all sources.

*Employment Income (\$000):* Refers to total income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

*Average Employment Income (\$):* Refers to average income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

*Percent Tax-filers Less Than \$15,000:* Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making less than \$15,000.

*Percent Tax-filers More Than \$50,000:* Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making more than \$50,000.

#### **Family Income**

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns. Refers to the total income of a family; it is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that family.

*Average Family Income (\$):* Refers to the average money income received from all sources for the family as a whole.

*Percent Families Less Than \$30,000:* Refers to the percent of families who report they are making less than \$30,000.

*Percent Families More Than \$75,000:* Refers to the percent of families who report they are making more than \$75,000.

#### **Environment**

*Average Temperature (°C):* Environment Canada. Calculated as the mean daily temperatures, averaged over the reference month. The mean daily temperature is the average between the daily maximum and minimum.

#### **Community Living**

*% Who Volunteered in 2008:* NWT Bureau of Statistics. Refers to the population 15 years of age and over who volunteered during the year.

*% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008:* NWT Bureau of Statistics.

#### **Prices**

*Living Cost Differentials:* Price Division, Statistics Canada.

*Food Price Index:* NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.